UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION

TITLE OF INVENTION AUTOMATICALLY ADJUSTABLE REAR SUSPENSION FOR TRIKE

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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Field of the Invention 3

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This invention relates to motorized trikes, and in particular to an automatically adjustable rear 5

6 suspension for trike.

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Background of the Invention

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Motorcycles comprise an important part of our transportation system, and have been around for

over a century. Gottlieb Daimler, a German engineer, is generally credited with inventing and

building the first motorcycle in 1885. He mounted a four-stroke piston engine to a wooden

bicycle frame. Following a few decades of development, the motorcycle became a reliable, useful

14 vehicle during the early 1900's.

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While today's motorcycles do not differ significantly in appearance from the early models, they do

incorporate important improvements. Modern motorcycles have stronger frames, more powerful

engines and more dependable brakes. Larger, softer seats make riding more comfortable, and

hydraulic springs help lessen road shocks.

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During recent decades, as the disposable income and affinity for comfort of motorcycle

afficionados have increased, large touring motorcycles have become popular. These motorcycles 22

provide unparalleled stability, comfort and power to their riders. 23

2 Still another motorcycle refinement which has gained recent popularity is the three-wheel

3 conversion of large touring motorcycles. This conversion typically involves installing an

automotive rear end on an existing motorcycle frame, resulting in one front wheel and two rear

5 drive wheels. This three wheel conversion, also known as a "trike", affords its riders increased

6 comfort and stability.

surface upon which the trike rests.

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One problem associated with modern trikes is keeping the motorcycle frame at the correct angle relative to the surface upon which the trike rests. It is important to maintain the motorcycle frame at the correct angle relative to the surface upon which the trike rests in order to optimize the handling characteristics and ride comfort of the trike. This problem arises especially when drivers of different weights occupy the front seat, or when a passenger climbs into the rear seat. Although front-to-rear leveling arrangements have been taught within the art for conventional two-wheel motorcycles, Applicant is not aware of the existence of any such systems which are usable on trikes. Thus, it would be desirable to provide an automatically adjustable rear suspension for trike which maintains the motorcycle frame at the correct angle relative to the

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19 Another problem associated with currently available trikes is a phenomenon known as pushback.

Pushback is the reaction of the motorcycle steering wheel to bumps which the rear wheels see.

For example, if the left rear wheel hits a bump, then the front wheel will tend to veer right due to

22 pushback. Conversely, if the right rear wheel hits a bump, then the front wheel will tend to veer

- 1 left. Thus, it would be desirable to provide an automatically adjustable rear suspension for trike
- which minimizes pushback.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to provide a an automatically adjustable rear suspension for trike which maintains the motorcycle frame at the correct angle relative to the surface upon which the trike rests. Design features allowing this object to be accomplished include a compressor pneumatically connected to an accumulator, at least one air spring pneumatically connected to the accumulator through a valve, and a valve pushrod connecting the valve to an axle. Advantages associated with the accomplishment of this object include optimization of the handling characteristics and ride comfort of the trike.

It is another object of the present invention to provide a provide an automatically adjustable rear suspension for trike which minimizes pushback. Design features allowing this object to be accomplished include an air spring mounted between a trike frame and an L arm associated with each rear wheel. Benefits associated with the accomplishment of this object include increased trike controllability and rider comfort.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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3 The invention, together with the other objects, features, aspects and advantages thereof will be

4 more clearly understood from the following in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

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Three sheets of drawings are provided. Sheet one contains figure 1. Sheet two contains figure 2.

7 Sheet three contains figure 3.

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Figure 1 is a side view of a motorcycle frame with trike frame and trike swing arm attached, upon

which the instant automatically adjustable rear suspension for trike is installed.

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Figure 2 is a top view of a motorcycle frame with trike frame and trike swing arm attached, upon

which the instant automatically adjustable rear suspension for trike is installed.

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15 Figure 3 is a plan view of a schematic diagram of the instant automatically adjustable rear

suspension for trike.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

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Referring now to figure 1, we observe a side view of motorcycle frame 2 with trike frame 4 and

4 trike swing arm 6 attached, upon which the instant automatically adjustable rear suspension is

5 installed. Trike swing arm 6 is pivotably attached to motorcycle frame 2 at pivot point 8. Thus,

trike swing arm 6 is free to pivot relative to motorcycle frame 2 around pivot point 8 as indicated

by arrow 10. Axle 18 is rigidly attached to trike swing arm 6.

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Referring now also to figure 2, a pair of L arms 12 is rigidly attached to trike swing arm 6. Each

L arm 12 comprises an L arm horizontal member 14 rigidly attached to an L arm vertical member

16. An air spring 24 is sandwiched between each L arm horizontal member 14 and trike frame 4.

The extent to which air springs 24 are inflated determines the angle of motorcycle frame 2 and

trike frame 4 relative to a surface upon which the motorcycle rests, as indicated by arrow 11.

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The extent to which air springs 24 are inflated is determined by valve 20. Valve 20 is a

commercially available height air control valve which is normally closed, and which has two open

positions: one open position inflates air springs 24 through air spring supply line 26, and the

other open position deflates air springs 24 through air spring supply line 26.

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Valve 24 receives its supply of pressurized gas from accumulator 32 through valve supply line 34.

21 Accumulator 32 is supplied by compressor 30, which runs off the motorcycle electrical system.

Valve 20 is actuated by valve pushrod 22, which measures the distance between trike frame 4 and

trike swing arm 6. The length of valve pushrod 22 is set at the factory, and in effect determines

- the proper angle of trike frame 4 relative to the surface upon which the motorcycle rests. The 1
- indication and control system of valve 20 provides for a 30 35 second delay in actuation, which 2
- prevents road bumps and other temporary inputs from causing valve chatter. 3

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- In the preferred embodiment, gas shock absorber 28 was disposed between trike swing arm 6 and 5
- 6 trike frame 4, in order to provide an optimum suspension.

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- Figure 3 is a plan view of a schematic diagram of the instant automatically adjustable rear 8
- suspension. Compressor 30 supplies accumulator 32, which in turn supplies valve 20 through 9
 - valve supply line 34. Valve 20 is mechanically connected to axle 18 by means of valve pushrod
 - 22. Valve 20 is pneumatically connected to air springs 24 via air spring supply lines 26.

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- 13 In operation, when valve pushrod 22 informs valve 20 that trike frame 4 is too low, the indication
- and control system of valve 20 provides for a 30 35 second delay in actuation to prevent road 14
- bumps and other temporary inputs from causing valve chatter. Following this anti-chatter delay, 15
- valve 20 directs compressed gas to air springs 24 through air spring supply lines 26, thus inflating 16
- air springs 24 and increasing the height of trike frame 4 above a surface upon which the 17
- motorcycle rests. The action of raising-trike frame 4-has the effect-of changing the angle of the 18
- motorcycle relative to the surface upon which it rests, because the motorcycle will pivot about its 19
- 20 front wheel.

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When trike frame 4 is at the factory pre-set optimum height (and consequently the angle of the

2 motorcycle relative to the surface upon which it rests is optimized), valve pushrod 22 directs

3 valve 20 to cease inflating air springs 24.

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5 Similarly, when valve pushrod 22 informs valve 20 that trike frame 4 is too high, the indication

and control system of valve 20 provides for a 30 - 35 second delay in actuation to prevent road

bumps and other temporary inputs from causing valve chatter. Following this anti-chatter delay,

valve 20 permits gas to be released from air springs 24 through air spring supply lines 26, thus

deflating air springs 24 and decreasing the height of trike frame 4 above a surface upon which the

motorcycle rests. This action of lowering trike frame 4 has the effect of changing the angle of the

motorcycle relative to the surface upon which it rests, because the motorcycle will pivot about its

12 front wheel.

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When trike frame 4 is at the factory pre-set optimum height (and consequently the angle of the

motorcycle relative to the surface upon which it rests is optimized, valve pushrod 22 directs

valve 20 to cease inflating air springs 24.

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In the preferred embodiment, trike-frame 4, valve pushrod 22, and trike swing arm-6-(including L---

arms 12), were factory metal fabrications. Compressor 30, accumulator 32, valve supply line 34,

valve 20, air spring supply lines 26, air springs 24 and gas shock absorber 28 were commercially

21 available components.

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While a preferred embodiment of the invention has been illustrated herein, it is to be understood

- that changes and variations may be made by those skilled in the art without departing from the
- 3 spirit of the appending claims.

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DRAWING ITEM INDEX l motorcycle frame trike frame trike swing arm pivot point arrow TINSECO . COMB arrow L arm L arm horizontal member L arm vertical member axle valve valve pushrod air spring air spring supply line gas shock absorber compressor accumulator

valve supply line